# The Best Human Beings from the Perspective of the Qur'an and Hadith (A Thematic Study of Verses of the Qur'an and Hadith)

By Gasim Yamani



## Proceeding of International Conference on Islamic and Interdisciplinary Studies (ICIIS), 2023

ISSN: 2963-5489

Website: https://jurnal.uindatokarama.ac.id/index.php/iciis/issue/archive



# The Best Human Beings from the Perspective of the Qur'an and Hadith (A Thematic Study of Verses of the Qur'an and Hadith)

Gasim Yamani1\*



- <sup>1</sup> State Islamic University Datokarama Palu, Indonesia
- \*Corresponding Author: Gasim Yamani, E-mail: gasimyamani@uindatokarama.ac.id

### ARTICLE INFO

### **ABSTRACT**

Volume: 2

### **KEYWORDS**

Best Human Being, The Quran, Benefit of all creatures.

This study aims to reveal the Best Human Being concept in the Qur'an and Hadith perspective. In this paper, the researcher uses the thematic method with the consideration that thematic is one of the most effective methods in research because it focuses on specific data, information, and sources that are relevant to the object under study. Thus, the thematic method is regarded as more effective in quickly, precisely, and accurately revealing the specific core contents, concepts, or ideas in the Qur'an (Quranic Idea). It is a method of compiling certain verses of the Qur'an and Hadith that are interrelated and have relevant themes. In this study, the researcher focuses on the theme of the poems, which discuss humans as the best and perfect creation of Allah compared to other creatures. Generally, the term 'the best human being' means a human who has privileges, both in terms of the perfection of his physical creation (QS. al-Tin: 4) and his human function in contributing to the benefit of human life as well are mercy to the whole world (QS. al-Anbiya: 107). Based on the above framework, the best human concept from the perspective of the Qur'an can be classified into five aspects. First, parts of the integrated personality (QS.al-Isra: 81, QS. al-Shams: 8); Second, aspects of physical perfection (QS. al-Tin: 4); Third, productive personality (QS. al-Rahman: 33); Fourth, beneficial personality (QS. al-Anbiya: 94); and fifth, religious personality (QS. al-Syams: 9). Thus, the best human being is a human who can optimize the perfection of his physical existence, as well as being able to actualize the five aspects of his human function.

### 1. Introduction

From the aspect of creation, the best human beings are the most perfect of all other creations of Allah, including the angels. Other creatures, such as animals, stars, and birds, are only given the abilities of lust, desire, instinct, and the like without reason and intelligence. Meanwhile, angels are only given the ability to reason without passion and desire to have something, to marry, and other desires. In contrast, humans were given two potential skills at once: the abilities of lust and desire and the ability of the mind to research, analyze, think, and make conclusions and decisions. That is the reason Allah calls them the most perfect created beings. This can be seen and understood clearly as described by Allah in QS. Al-Tin verse 4 is as follows:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Gasim Yamani is a Lecturer at State Islamic University Datokarama Palu, Indonesia. This paper was presented at the 2<sup>nd</sup> International Conference on Islamic and Interdisciplinary Studies (ICIIS) 2023, as a presenter, held by the Postgraduate School State Islamic University Datokarama Palu, Indonesia.

لَقَدْ خَلَقْتَا الإِتْسَانَ فِي أَحْسَنِ تَقْوِيْم

Translation:

Indeed, We created humans in the best form.

The verse above is explained more clearly in the book Mu'jam Maqayis al-Lugah as follows:

### Translation:

Indeed, We (Allah) created humans in the best form: It shows that humans are indeed different from animals or other creatures from the aspect of reason and intelligence. Their upright stature shows their specialness from all that exists in nature.

The explanation pugorward by Ibn Faris Abu al-Husain mentioned above is relevant to what was explained by M. Quraish Shihab in the book *Tafsir Al-Misbah Pesan, Kesan dan Keserasian Al-Qur'an* (Tafseer Al-Mishbah Messages, Impressions, and Harmony of the Qur'an), as follows:

The word تقويم taqwîm means making something have قوام qiwâm means a physical form that fits its function. al-Ragib al-Ashfahani, an expert on the language of the Qur'an, sees the word taqwîm here as a sign of the privileges of humans compared to animals, their reason, intelligence, understanding, and upright and straight physical form. So, the sentence ahsan taqwim means the best form and physique.

Based on the explanations of the experts stated above, it can be understood that the meaning of the best human being is a perfect human being, both from the aspect of his creation and his functional aspect for the continuity of the lives of other creatures created by Allah.

### 2. Literature Review

This study aims to reveal the concept of the Best Human beings from the Perspective of the Qur'an and Hadith, which includes five aspects: an integrated personality, perfect physique, productive personality, beneficial personality, and religious personality. God created humans in a perfect form of creation and is equipped with five aspects of competency that are ready to be actualized for the benefit of himself, others, and the surrounding natural environment (rahmatan lil alamin). Optimal actualization of the five aspects of competence mentioned above will give birth to individuals called the Best Human beings because they have carried out the divine and human missions embedded in them since the beginning of their creation.

### 3. Methodology

In this study, the researcher used the thematic method, collecting data sources, information, and references relevant to the researched and studied object. The interrelated data information, as references, are then collected, studied, and analyzed to find the content, concepts, and ideas in the data sources.

### 4. Results and Discussion

This paper discusses the concept of the best human being from the Perspective of the Qur'an and Hadith, which consists of five aspects: integrated personality, perfect physique, productive personality, beneficial personality, and religious personality.

First, the aspect of integrated personality (QS. Al-Isra verse 81)

Integrity comes from the Greek word "integer," which means whole, complete, or unity. It means that integrity is the wholeness, unity, and/or unanimity of attitude regarding a truth that must be maintained. Thus, personal integrity is defined

1

as the attitude possessed by a person, both individually and in groups, always having a consistent attitude toward the truth and trying to maintain and preserve it. This consistent attitude toward truth is one of the potential fundamental aspects of realizing the best human beings. Therefore, the figure of the best human being can be realized through consistent personal integrity that the right is right and the wrong is wrong. The truth must win, and error and falsity must lose and vanish. Allah describes this in QS. Al-Isra verse 81.

Second, the aspect of perfect physique (QS. Al-Tin verse 4).

The most perfect creature in his physical creation is a human. Human beings have physical perfection compared to other creatures. God created angels with the potential of reason without passion or desire, contrasted with other creatures, such as animals, beasts, and plants, who are only given the potential of instinct without reason. God created humans by providing perfect potential in the form of reason, passion, and instinct, aside from reason and intelligence. The potential of reason, lust, and/or instinct make humans the most perfect creatures of Allah. Allah describes this in QS. al-Tin verse 4, and further explained by M. Quraish Shihab that human beings in their creation have a physical form that fits their function, as explained by an expert on Al-Qur'an Language, al-Ragib al-Ashfahani, who views the word taqwim in this case as a sign of human privilege compared to animals, that is the sense of understanding and the upright and straight physical form. Therefore, the sentence  $ahsan\ taqwim$  means the best form and physique. When its function is optimized for the benefit of life, this perfect form of human physique will form the best human being.

Third, the aspect of productive personality (QS. al-Rahman verse 33)

Humans are created by God with various potentials, one of which is creative-productive potential which leads them to become individuals who are able to do and produce positive things for the benefit of human life and other creatures around them. This potential is described by Allah in QS. al-Rahman: 33

Translation:

assembly of jinn and humans! If you can penetrate (pass) beyond the realms of the heavens and the earth, then do so. But you cannot do that without Our authority.

The verse explains that jinn and humans are able to penetrate the heavens and the earth with their power or ability. The word strength and ability in this verse means the power and ability of knowledge. This is in accordance with the explanation in Tafsir Jalalain as follows:

Translation:

Penetrate (conquer). You cannot penetrate it or conquer it except by sulthan (by power, and there is no power over such) except by knowledge.

This interpretation is relevant to the reality of today's modern life, where numerous scientists have reached outer space, the moon, and other planets. Likewise, many scientists have succeeded in drilling the earth to discover oil, gas, nickel, and other mineral deposits. Therefore, if humans optimize the productive potential within them, they can produce things beneficial to themselves, other people, and the surrounding environment. That is a productive individual (productive personality) and the best human.

Fourth, the aspect of beneficial personality (QS. al-Anbiya verse 94)

Humans have the basic potential to become beneficial individuals for other humans and all creatures around them. There re, every human being has two tendencies at once: the tendency to do good and to do evil. Allah says in QS. Al-Shams verse 9:

قَدْ أَفْلَحَ مَنْ زَكَّاهَا وَقَدْ خَابَ مَنْ دَ سَّاهَا

Translation:

Successful indeed is the one who purifies their soul, and doomed is the one who corrupts it (soul).

Therefore, when humans use their evil potential, it will cause bad things. On the contrary, when their good potential is used, it will bring good and benefit to others. This is described by Allah in QS. al-Anbiya verse 94:

### Translation:

So whoever does righteous deeds while he is a believer – no denial will there be for his effort, and indeed, We (Allah) of it are recorders.

The above verse is explained by ibn Katsir in Tafsir al-Qur'an al-Adzim as follows:

### Translation:

Whoever does good while in a state of faith means that person has a righteous heart and does righteous deeds that bring benefit to others.

Likewise, the famous Hadith of the Prophet saw. Narrated by ath-Thabrani in the book al-Mu'jam al-Ausath mentions وَاللَّاسِ الْفَاعُهُمْ لِللَّاسِ meaning: The best human being is one who benefits other humans. Based on the verses of the Quran and the interpretation put forward by ibn Katsir, as well as the Hadith of the Prophet mentioned above, it can be understood that every human being has the potential to do good and provide benefits for fellow humans and other creatures in his surroundings.

Fifth, the aspect of religious personality (QS. al-Syams verse 9)

A religious personality is an individual with immense faith and a sense of belonging to spiritual values such as having faith in God, carrying out religious orders, high social sensitivity, and having a stable and calm soul in carrying out his activities.



Based on the results of the research, study, and analysis previously described, the researcher concludes as follows: 1. Humans are the best and perfect creatures from the aspect of their **creation** (QS. al-Tin verse 4); 2. Humans are the best and perfect creatures from the aspect of that function QS. al-Anbiya verse 107); 3. The best humans are humans who benefit other humans and their surroundings (HR. ath-Thabrani al-Mu'jam al-Ausath, Ch. VII, p. 58).

### References

Ancok, Djamaludin, Membangun Kompetensi Manusia Dalm Milenium Ketiga, Psikologika, Jurnal Pemikiran dan Penelitian Psikologi (Yogyakarta: Fakultas Psikologi UII, 1998);

Al-Din, Imad Abi al-Fida'iy Ismail ibnu Katsir al-Dimasyqiy. Tafsir al-Qur'an al-Azdim, (Kairo, Maktabah al-Ashafah);

Mustaqim, Abdul, Metode Penelitian Alquran dan Tafsir, (Yagyakarta: Idea Press, 2019);

Abu al-Husain, Ahmad bin ibnu Faris, Mu'jam Maqayis al-Lugah, (Beirut: Dar al-Kutub al-Ilmiyah, 1999);

Shihab, M. Quraish, Tafsir Al-Misbâh, Pesan, Kesan dan Keserasian Al-Qur'an, Jakarta, Lentera Hati, Fourth printing. 2005;

Muhammad, bin Ahmad Jamaluddin al-Mahalliy dan Abdu Rahman Jalaluddin bin Abi Bakr al-Suyutiy, *Tafsir al-Qur'an al-Azdim* Juz 1-2 (Semarang: Mathba'ah Thaha Putra);

Dahlan, M.D. Konsep Manusia Berkualitas Yang Dipersepsi Dari Al-Qur'an, Al-Hadits dan Qaul Ulama, Makalah Seminar Nasional Fakultas Syari'ah dan Fakultas Tarbiyah Universitas Indonesia (Yogyakarta: UII, 1990); Ath-Thabrani, Abul Qasim al-Mu'jam al-Ausath, (Muassasah al-Maktabah al-Syamilah 2011) Al-Ashfahani, al-Ragib. *Mufradat al-Fazd al-Qur'an*, (Dar al-Syamiyyah);

Al-Zuhailiy, Wahbah, Tafsir al-Munir fi al-Aqidah wa al-Syari'ah, (Beirut: Dar al-Fikr al-Ma'shir 1991);

Abi Zakariah, Muhyuddin Yahya bin Syaraf al-Nawawiy al-Dimasyqiy, al-Azkar, (Surabaya: al-Hidayah. 1995);

Faizin, Hamam, Living Qur'an Sebuah Tawaran, Artikel Scholar, 2008. Source: <a href="http://elabidisme.co.id/2008/11/living-quran-sebuah-tawaran.html">http://elabidisme.co.id/2008/11/living-quran-sebuah-tawaran.html</a>;

Husain, Muhammad al-Thaba Thaba'iy, al-Mizan fi Tafsir al-Qur'an, (Bairut: Muassasah al-Alamiah lil Mathbu'ah);

Muhammad, Abi Abdillah bin Ismail al-Bukhariy Juz 2, Shahih al-Bukhariy, (Kairo: al-Maktabah al-Tafiqiyah);

Muslim, Abi al-Husain bin al-Hajjaj al-Qusyairiy al-Naisaburiy, *Shahih Muslim*, Volume 2. (Beirut Libanon: Dar al-Kutub al-Ilmiyyah th. 1971), p. 612-613;

Mahmud, Muhammad Hijazi, al-Tafsir al-Wadhih, (Bairut: al-Jail Volume 3 1993);

Muhammad, Jamaluddin bin Mukram ibnu Manzdur, Lisan al-Arab (Dar al-Fikr Ch. 11).

# The Best Human Beings from the Perspective of the Qur'an and Hadith (A Thematic Study of Verses of the Qur'an and Hadith)

ORIGINALITY RE	ΞPO	RT
----------------	-----	----

9% SIMILARITY INDEX		
PRIMARY SOURCES		
jurnal.uindatokarama.ac.id  Internet	85 words — <b>4%</b>	
repository.uindatokarama.ac.id  Internet	69 words $-3\%$	
3 ijeltal.org Internet	17 words — <b>1</b> %	
journal.uinsi.ac.id Internet	10 words — < 1 %	
ahmaddimyathisag.blogspot.com  Internet	9 words — < 1 %	